CLEAN ENERGY



STATE OF NEW JERSEY

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IN THE MATTER OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF <u>L.</u> 2012, <u>C.</u> 24, THE SOLAR ACT OF 2012) ORDER)) DOCKET NO. EO12090832V
IN THE MATTER OF THE SOLAR TRANSITION PURSUANT TO <u>P.L.</u> 2018, <u>C.</u> 17 – APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATION OF SOLAR FACILITY AS ELIGIBLE FOR TRECS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (T) OF THE SOLAR ACT OF 2012) DOCKET NO. E012090832V))) DOCKET NO. QO19010068
INFINITI ENERGY, LLC - SUBSECTION (T) SOLAR APPLICATION, BLOCK 5501.1, 1271 S MILL ROAD, VINELAND. CUMBERLAND COUNTY))) DOCKET NO. QO21081101)

Parties of Record:

Brian O. Lipman, Esq., Director, New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel **Michael Aladich, Chief Operating Officer,** Infiniti Energy, LLC

BY THE BOARD:

This Order concerns an application by Infiniti Energy, LLC ("Applicant") for certification pursuant to <u>L.</u> 2012, <u>c.</u> 24 ("Solar Act"), codified at N.J.S.A. 48:3-87(t) ["Subsection (t)"]. Applicant seeks certification for eligibility to generate Transition Renewable Energy Certificates ("TRECs") for a proposed solar electric generation facility to be located at the Vineland City S. Mill Road Sanitary Landfill site, Block 5501, Lot 1 at 1271 South Mill Road, Vineland City, Cumberland County, New Jersey ("Project"). The Applicant alleges that the proposed site is a "properly closed sanitary landfill facility" as that term is defined in the Solar Act.

BACKGROUND

On July 23, 2012, the Solar Act was signed into law. The Solar Act amended certain aspects of the statute governing generation, interconnection, and financing of renewable energy. Among other actions, the Solar Act required the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities ("Board") to conduct proceedings to establish new standards and to develop new programs to implement the statute's

directives. By Order dated October 10, 2012, the Board directed Board Staff ("Staff") to initiate proceedings and convene a public stakeholder process to fulfill the directives of the Solar Act.¹

The Solar Act – specifically, Subsection (t) – provides that:

No more than 180 days after [July 23, 2012], the board shall, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, and, after notice and opportunity for public comment and public hearing, complete a proceeding to establish a program to provide SRECs to owners of solar electric power generation facility projects certified by the board, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, as being located on a brownfield, on an area of historic fill or on a properly closed sanitary landfill facility. . . . Projects certified under this subsection shall be considered "connected to the distribution system" [and] shall not require such designation by the board[.]

[N.J.S.A. 48:3-87(t).]

The Solar Act defines the terms "brownfield," "area of historic fill," and "properly closed sanitary landfill facility." A "brownfield" is "any former or current commercial or industrial site that is currently vacant or underutilized and on which there has been, or there is suspected to have been, a discharge of a contaminant." N.J.S.A. 48:3-51. "Historic fill" is "generally large volumes of non-indigenous material, no matter what date they were placed on the site, used to raise the topographic elevation of a site" <u>Id.</u> A "properly closed sanitary landfill facility" means "a sanitary landfill facility, or a portion of a sanitary landfill facility, for which performance is complete with respect to all activities associated with the design, installation, purchase, or construction of all measures, structures, or equipment required by the Department of Environmental Protection" <u>Id.</u>

Toward implementing the October 10, 2012 Order, Staff met with staff of the New Jersey Economic Development Authority and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection ("NJDEP" or "Department"). On November 9, 2012, consistent with the requirements of the Solar Act, the Board held a public hearing presided over by then-Commissioner Joseph L. Fiordaliso. In addition, the public was invited to submit written comments through November 23, 2012.

¹ In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, The Solar Act of 2012; In re the Implementation of L.2012, c. 24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(d)(3)(b) – A Proceeding to Investigate Approaches to Mitigate Solar Development Volatility; In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(e)(4) – Net Metering Aggregation Standards; In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(Q), (R) and (S) – Proceedings to Establish the Processes for Designating Certain Grid-Supply Projects as Connected to the Distribution System; In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c.24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(T) – A Proceeding to Establish a Program to Provide Solar Renewable Energy Certificates to Certified Brownfield, Historic Fill and Landfill Facilities; and In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(W) – A Proceeding to Consider the Need for a Program to Provide a Financial Incentive to Supplement Solar Renewable Energy Certificates for Net Metered Projects Greater than Three Megawatts; 2012 N.J. PUC LEXIS 286 (Oct. 10, 2012).

In an Order dated January 24, 2013, the Board approved Staff's proposed process for certifying solar generation projects as being located on brownfields, areas of historic fill, and properly closed sanitary landfill facilities.² The certification process for projects seeking approval pursuant to Subsection (t) provides three (3) potential recommendations from Staff to the Board: full certification, conditional certification, or denial of certification. Conditional certification may be granted for projects located on sites which NJDEP has determined require further remedial action or, in the case of properly closed sanitary landfill facilities, additional protective measures, and full certification may be granted for projects located on sites for which NJDEP has determined no further remedial or protective action is necessary. The process incorporates the expertise of NJDEP to confirm a potential project's land use classification for eligibility and to account for the state of remediation of the project site.³

The January 24, 2013 Order states that certification would be limited to those areas delineated by NJDEP. In compliance with this directive, applicants are required to delineate the precise section(s) of the location where the solar facility is proposed to be sited, and NJDEP reviews this material in making its recommendation.

The Board found that an application for solar projects located on brownfields, areas of historic fill, or properly closed sanitary landfill facilities was necessary to initiate the certification process and directed Staff to work with NJDEP to develop an application. <u>Id.</u> at 33.

On May 23, 2018, Governor Murphy signed <u>L.</u> 2018, <u>c.</u> 17, codified at N.J.S.A. 48:3-51 to -87 into law ("Clean Energy Act" or "CEA" or "Act"), effective immediately. The CEA effected many changes to the legal and regulatory framework for solar development, including directing the closure of the Solar Renewable Energy Certificate ("SREC") program by no later than June 2021, reducing the SREC term or "qualification life" to 10 years, and imposing a cap on the cost to ratepayers of certain Class I renewable energy requirements.

The CEA mandated that the Board close the SREC Registration Program ("SRP") once it determined that 5.1% of the kilowatt-hours sold in the State had been generated by solar electric power generators connected to the distribution system ("5.1% Milestone") or, in the alternative, by no later than June 2021. On December 18, 2018, the Board approved the adoption of rule amendments to close the SREC market to new applications upon attainment of the 5.1% Milestone. The new rules took effect upon publication in the New Jersey Register on January 22, 2019.⁴ Pursuant to these rules, the Board determined that the 5.1% Milestone would be reached prior to May 2020 and closed the SRP on April 30, 2020.

² In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, The Solar Act of 2012; In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(T) – A Proceeding to Establish a Program to Provide SRECS to Certified Brownfield, Historic Fill and Landfill Facilities; and In re the Implementation of L. 2012, c. 24, N.J.S.A 48:3-87(U) – A Proceeding to Establish a Registration Program for Solar Power Generation Facilities, 2013 N.J. PUC LEXIS 27, Order dated January 24, 2013.

³ January 24, 2013 Order at 31–33.

⁴ 51 N.J.R. 138(e) (Jan. 22, 2019).

On December 6, 2019, the Board established a Transition Incentive ("TI") Program to provide a bridge between the legacy SREC program and a Successor Incentive program in an orderly and efficient manner.⁵ The TI Program provides eligible projects with TRECs for each megawatt hour of electricity produced. Incentives are tailored to specific project types by the use of factors, which are applied to a base incentive rate to provide a particular project type with the full incentive amount or a set percentage of that amount depending on the costs and anticipated revenue streams for the project type. Projects certified pursuant to Subsection (t) receive a factor of 1.0 and thus the full amount of the base incentive.

At a Special Agenda Meeting held on April 27, 2020, the Board approved a TI rule proposal⁶ that codified this treatment at N.J.A.C. 14:8-10, which was published on May 18, 2020.⁷ On September 10, 2020, the Board adopted the rule proposal, and the rules became effective on October 5, 2020 when published in the New Jersey Register.⁸ The rule provides that the transition incentive "shall be available to projects that submitted a complete SREC Registration Program registration or a complete Subsection (t) application after October 29, 2018" (emphasis added) but that have not received a Permission to Operate at the time that the 5.1% Milestone is achieved.⁹ The rule also incorporates the eligibility requirements enumerated at N.J.S.A. 48:3-87(t) and the Board's Implementing Orders, and requires developers seeking eligibility for TRECs to use the same application process developed for SREC eligibility.¹⁰ Moreover, the TI rules require compliance with all rules and regulations of the SRP at N.J.A.C. 14:8-2.4.¹¹

On August 17, 2022, the Board provided the opportunity for a conditional extension of the TI deadline to Subsection (t) projects registered in the TI Program or with applications pending review with NJDEP. The Board waived its rules and modified prior orders to allow up to a 12-month extension to all Subsection (t) solar projects with current registrations as well as those that receive conditional certification by the Board in the future, provided these projects can meet specified criteria. In addition, the Board granted the same relief to Subsection (t) applicants with applications pending review at the Board or NJDEP that received conditional certification. Such applicants thus received an automatic additional six (6) months to the registration expiration date that would otherwise be set in the Board order granting the project's conditional certification pursuant to N.J.A.C. 14:8-10.4(e) or (f).

Projects certified under Subsection (t) are subject to all of the Board's SRP and TI rules; the statutory language exempts such projects from the need for further Board designation as

⁵ In re a New Jersey Solar Transition Pursuant to P.L. 2018 c. 17, BPU Docket No. QO19010068, Order dated December 6, 2019.

⁶ In re a Rulemaking Proceeding to Amend the Renewable Portfolio Standard Rules and Create New Rules Establishing a Transition Incentive Program Pursuant to P.L. 2018, c.17, BPU Docket No. QX20030253.

⁷52 N.J.R. 1048(a) (May 18, 2020).

⁸ 52. N.J.R. 1850(a) (October 5, 2020).

⁹ N.J.A.C. 14:8-10.4(a).

¹⁰ N.J.A.C. 14:8-10.4(h).

¹¹ N.J.A.C. 14:8-10.4(i).

¹² In re a New Jersey Solar Transition Pursuant to P.L. 2018, c. 17, Order Granting an up to 12-Month Extension for Projects Seeking an Incentive Pursuant to Subsection (t) in the Solar Transition Incentive Program BPU Docket No. QO19010068, Order dated August 17, 2022.

"connected to the distribution system" but does not remove any of the Board's oversight authority. For example, projects seeking TREC eligibility must comply with the TI rules at N.J.A.C. 14:8-10 and applicable Board orders concerning registration with the TI Program.¹³ The size and location of the subject Project will then be reflected in the public reporting of solar development pipeline data.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

Project Description

On August 26, 2021, Staff received the Infiniti Energy, LLC application for the solar generation Project at the Vineland City S. Mill Road Sanitary Landfill facility for inclusion in the TI Program. Staff transmitted a copy of the application to NJDEP for review and advice on September 8, 2021.

At issue is the request by the Applicant that the proposed Infiniti Energy, LLC solar generation facility, to be located in Vineland City, Cumberland County, New Jersey, be certified as eligible for TRECs pursuant to Subsection (t). Infiniti Energy, LLC filed an application with supporting documentation to enable an NJDEP determination as to whether 75 acres of the proposed site is located on a "properly closed sanitary landfill facility." NJDEP reviewed the available application materials and supplied an advisory memorandum to Staff on February 27, 2023 on the land use classification and on remediation status of the proposed site. On the basis of NJDEP's determination, the information certified by Infiniti Energy, LLC in its application, and the Subsection (t) process approved in the January 24, 2013 Order, Staff recommends that the Board grant conditional certification for approximately 37.7 acres of the proposed site, as explained further below.

Infiniti Energy, LLC Vineland City S Mill Road Sanitary Landfill - Docket No. QO21081101

Developer	Docket Number	Project/ Designation Address	Location Town	County	Landfill, Brownfield or Historic Fill	Array Size (MWdc)	EDC
Infiniti Energy, LLC	QO21081101	Vineland City S. Mill Road Landfill	Block 5501, Lot 1, 1271 S. Mill Road Vineland City, 08362	Cumberland	Landfill	14.9962	JCP&L

NJDEP provided the following description of the site background and findings from a review of the application. The Applicant is proposing a 14.9962 MWdc grid supply solar farm at the Vineland City S. Mill Road Sanitary Landfill site ("Property") in Vineland City, Cumberland County, New Jersey. The Applicant proposes to construct the solar electric power generation facility on the landfill portion of the Property, approximately 75 acres as rendered in the Electrical Site Plan map provided in the application package.

The Vineland City Sanitary Landfill operated for over 18 years for the disposal of municipal, bulky, vegetative, animal and food processing, and non-chemical dry industrial waste, until Landfill

¹³ December 2019 Order at 33.

operations ceased in 1987. It received municipal solid wastes from the City of Vineland and neighboring communities of Cumberland County. The landfill Property consists of 89.55 acres with the entire west side bound by Mill Road, the south side by Elm Road, a portion of the north side by W. Walnut Road and the remainder of the site by private properties. Of the 89.55 acres, 45.9 acres were used for the disposal and final cover of waste materials. In addition to the landfill itself, the Property features a parking area, a security shed, equipment storage areas, a retention basin, and three open areas utilized for various activities. Portions of the Property that are not part of the landfill are utilized for sports fields, leaf and brush composting operations, residential recycling bin distribution, and temporary storage of City vehicles and equipment. As shown in Drawing No. A.2 of the application, titled "Layout", the location of the proposed solar array is limited to the landfill itself.

A Closure and Post-Closure Plan dated July 1986 was prepared for the City of Vineland by Albert A. Fralinger, Consulting Engineers. Revisions to the Closure and Post-Closure Plan were made in March and December 1988. The Department issued a Closure and Post-Closure Plan Approval for the landfill on February 9, 1989.

A New Jersey licensed professional engineer certified that closure of the landfill was complete on August 26, 1994. The landfill is currently in its 30-year post-closure care period which requires ongoing maintenance and monitoring in accordance with the Solid Waste Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:26-2A.9 and the Closure and Post-Closure Plan Approval.

NJDEP provided the statutory definition of "properly closed sanitary landfill." N.J.S.A. 48:3-51 defines "properly closed sanitary landfill" as: "[A] sanitary landfill facility, or a portion of a sanitary landfill facility, for which performance is complete with respect to all activities associated with the design, installation, purchase, or construction of all measures, structures, or equipment required by the Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to law, in order to prevent, minimize, or monitor pollution or health hazards resulting from a sanitary landfill facility subsequent to the termination of operations at any portion thereof, including, but not necessarily limited to, the placement of earthen or vegetative cover, and the installation of methane gas vents or monitors and leachate monitoring wells or collection systems at the site of any sanitary landfill facility."

In consideration of the site background, referenced above, and as rendered in the landfill site plan map provided in the application package titled "Vineland Site Plan" Drawing No. A.1, the "Vineland Solar Layout" Drawing No. A.2, the Department has determined that approximately 37.7 acres of the 75 acres requested for Subsection (t) certification at the Vineland City Landfill constitute a "properly closed sanitary landfill facility" as defined by the Solar Act. However, in order to obtain full certification, the additional considerations below must be met.

The solar installation will constitute the construction of improvements on a closed landfill, pursuant to the law and, accordingly, the Property owner will need to obtain an Approval from the NJDEP Division of Sustainable Waste Management, as well as any permits identified by the Department, prior to construction of the solar electric power generation facility. The Approval for construction of improvements on the closed landfill needs to address impacts on the environmental controls in place at the site, such as the protection/ re-establishment of the final cap/cover, leachate collection, gas collection and storm water collection systems, settlement, slope stability, and control of erosion, in addition to on-going maintenance and monitoring. Consistent with the above requirements, the Property owner and operator of the solar facility should ensure that all future operations continue to protect the integrity of the cap.

Compliance issues have been cited for the Vineland City Compost (recycling center) facility operating on the same Property as the application site. On August 10, 2021 the Bureau of Solid Waste Compliance and Enforcement issued a Field Notice of Violation to the recycling center for violations of the Solid Waste Management Act. The Property owner shall comply in a timely manner with any notice received from the Department for the site and ensure the solar Project does not interfere with on-going compost facility operations or maintaining compliance with the applicable provisions for the recycling center exemption. All compliance issues shall be resolved prior to obtaining full certification.

The Applicant shall contact the Department's Office of Permitting and Project Navigation to determine what permits may be required for this Project.

Based on the information contained in the application and NJDEP's findings, Staff recommends that the Board conditionally certify the Applicant's 14.9962 MWdc Project as being located on 37.7 acres of a "properly closed sanitary landfill facility," as that term is defined pursuant to Subsection (t). Staff also recommends that the Board authorize Staff to require that the conditions for certification provided by the NJDEP be fully documented as satisfied by the Applicant prior to Staff's issuance of full certification of the Project's eligibility for TRECs. In addition, Staff recommends that the Board direct the Applicant to file its TREC registration within 14 days of the date of the Order.

DISCUSSION AND FINDINGS

The Board <u>FINDS</u> that, as required by Subsection (t), Staff transmitted the application discussed above to NJDEP for a determination of eligible land use type and status of remediation on the proposed site. NJDEP determined that the solar array proposed by Infiniti Energy, LLC for Block 5501, Lot 1 as documented in the Applicant's landfill site plan map, is located on land meeting the Solar Act's definition of a "properly closed sanitary landfill." To be eligible for the creation of TRECs, the facility must not exceed 14.9962 MWdc and must be placed within the 37.7 acres of the properly closed sanitary landfill as shown in Drawing No. A.2 of the application, titled "Layout." Based on information provided by NJDEP, the Board <u>FINDS</u> that the Infiniti Energy, LLC Project is located on land that meets the Solar Act's definition of a "properly closed sanitary landfill."

The Board also <u>FINDS</u> that NJDEP determined that the Property owner will need to comply with State laws relevant to the Property for the solar installation, as well as any other permits identified by NJDEP, prior to construction of the solar electric power generation facility. The Board <u>FINDS</u> that NJDEP has stated that the construction of the solar installation on the properly closed sanitary landfill needs to address the remediation requirements of the Property.

The Board <u>FINDS</u> that NJDEP's requirements must be addressed and thus <u>GRANTS</u> conditional certification of the Applicant's proposed solar electric generation facility, to be located on 37.7 acres at the Vineland City S. Mill Road Sanitary Landfill site at Block 5501, Lot 1, in Vineland City, Cumberland County, New Jersey, with an array size not to exceed 14.9962 MWdc. To obtain full certification, the Board <u>DIRECTS</u> the Applicant to demonstrate to Staff that all NJDEP requirements have been satisfied.

In addition, to obtain full certification, the Board <u>DIRECTS</u> Infiniti Energy, LLC to submit an initial TI Program registration package within 14 days of the effective date of this order and to complete construction within 30 months in accordance with N.J.A.C. 14:8-10.4(f)(4)(ii)(3) as modified by the TI Extension Order. The Board <u>DIRECTS</u> Staff to issue full certification to the Project upon the Applicant's demonstration that all requirements for full certification – including all NJDEP

requirements and all TREC eligibility requirements at N.J.A.C. 14:8-10.1 et seq. – have been satisfied. After the Applicant receives full certification, the Board <u>DIRECTS</u> Staff to issue a New Jersey Certification Number to the Project for purposes of TREC creation for a 15-year Qualification Life.

This Order is issued in reliance on the information certified in the application and does not grant any rights in connection with construction of the proposed Project beyond certification under Subsection (t), provided that the facilities are constructed in accordance with NJDEP requirements, the site plans filed with the application, and the TREC registration.

This Order shall be effective on May 31, 2023.

DATED: May 24, 2023

BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

BY:

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MARY-ANNA HOLDEN

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DR ZENON CHRISTODOULOU

COMMISSIONER

ATTEST:

SHERRIL GOLDEN

SECRETARY

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the within document is a true copy of the original in the files of the Board of Public Utilities.

IN THE MATTER OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF L. 2012, C.24, THE SOLAR ACT OF 2012;

IN THE MATTER OF THE SOLAR TRANSITION PURSUANT TO <u>L.</u> 2018, <u>C.</u> 17 – APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATION OF SOLAR FACILITY AS ELIGIBLE FOR TRECS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (T) OF THE SOLAR ACT OF 2012

INFINITI ENERGY, LLC - SUBSECTION (T) SOLAR APPLICATION, BLOCK 5501.1, 1271 S. MILL ROAD, VINELAND, CUMBERLAND COUNTY

DOCKET NOS. EO12090832V, QO19010068, AND QO21081101

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